The Wilmington Post.

VOLUME X. WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA, SUNDAY, OCT. 26, 1879. Single Copies 5 Cents NUMBER 43

WILMINGTON POST

[ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT WILMINGTON, N. C., AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.]

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Fifty cents per line for the first insertion and twenty-five cents per line for each additional insertion.

Eight (8) lines, Nonpareil type, constitute a square.

The subscription price to THE WILMINGTON POST is $1 00 per year; six months 75 cents.

All communicrtions on busines should be addressed to THE WILMINGTON Post, Wilmington, N. C.

All advertisements will be charged a the above rates, except on special contracts.

LATE GENERAL NEWS.

Robert Bonner will sell at auction on the 29th inst., 86 horses from his breeding farm, among them the fast and beautiful son of Flora Temple, and others that cost thousands.

Standing Bull and his daughter Bright Eyes, are telling the story of their wrongs in Chicago, in a way that makes one shiver. They are of the old Ponca tribe which has always been at peace with the government.

There is no doubt but the revelations in the *North American* of Mr. E. M. Stanton's opinions of current affairs will very much change the opinion of many people in regard to his character.

The abrupt withdrawal of Senator Thurman from public life will leave a very large vacuum. Some of his acts in national matters are unquestionably very creditable. He will leave few if any of his class influential in affairs who are his equal.

They have had in some sort a celebration at Yorktown, a merely preparatory affair to that which is preparing for Oct. 23d, 1881. A society is to be organized and committees arraigned to get up an extensive display.

A horrible atrocity in the House of Correction of Milwaukee has been revealed where the prisoners have been fed on bread made from damaged cow feed, and meat of embryo calves, dogs and glandered horses. They had also a block hole, 5 feet 4 inches by 5 feet, and indescribably filthy where they confined men twenty days.

The Mexican Congress has erected the disputed corners of the states of Chihauhau, Durango and Coahuila, including the entire mining district of Sierra Majada, where an American company are operating largely, into a territory under the Federal Government, until the question of boundaries shall be settled.

The House Committee on Rules has in its report reduced the number of rules of the House from 160 to 50. The present rules are the accumulations of a century, and very few members, if any, are complete masters of them. But some one of them sometimes springs into life suddenly to the embarrassment of business. The Committee cannot make them more cumbrous, and its legislation will be much simplified.

Gen. Roberts, the English commander, has levied a heavy fine on the citizens of Cabul, directed that all inhabitants shall deliver up their arms within ten days on penalty of death, and offered heavy rewards for the conviction of any person concerned in the massacre of the British Embassy.

It is said that James Redpath who mysteriously disappeared about three weeks ago is alive, and was only hiding to get recuperation from intense labor.

A correspondent has had an interview with Gov. Louis Kossuth, who said he believed a Franco-Russian alliance inevitable, and that Germany would then have her hands full on the Rhine, and Austria be left to bear alone the brunt of a Slav onslaught. He expressed the belief that Count Andrassy will reappear in politics as Imperial Chancellor.

Somebody in Chicago is discussing whether a poor, tired workman seated in a horse car going home at night, ought to offer his seat to a lady who is standing.

A Washington correspondent writes: Prominent southern Democrats bewail the Ohio verdict because of its effect on New York, and they concede that without New York it will be almost if not quite impossible to elect a Democratic President next year. They seem to think that all the indications point to a solid north against a solid south, and the north is much the larger of the two, and will always win when the lines are drawn. The state of Indiana, heretofore considered wholly Democratic, is now considered by the Democrats quite "shaky," for the same rate of Republican gain there as in Ohio would give it to the Republicans by 15,000 majority.

Gen. Fitz John Porter, who was sentenced by a court martial to have been guilty of disobeying Gen. Pope's orders on the battle field, at the second Bull Run, has come out with a publication chiefly laudatory of his military career. Whereat the *Inter Ocean* says that Porter committed an act which "would have caused him to have been shot in any other country than the United States," and that "Porter was doubtless smart, but so was Arnold."

The Chief of the Bureau of Statistics reports that the value on exports from the United States of live animals of all kinds, increased from $5,844,653 during the fiscal year of 1878 to $11,487,754 during 1879. Of the total exports of live animals the last fiscal year 11 per cent were sent to Great Britain. The value of exports of cattle increased from $3,896,818 during 1878 to $8,379,200 in 1879.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C.,
October 22, 1879.

Two things are very fashionable just now among Democrats. One is the "without distinction of party" receptions tendered to Gen. Grant and the other, due to their well known piety, is ascribing to the bountiful harvest the entire merit of the revival of business prosperity.

The reason of the first is, that if Mr. Tilden wont let them nominate a candidate for themselves they will do the next best thing possible and nominate one for us. The elections in Maine, California, Iowa and Ohio have sickened and disgusted them with the issues raised by the extra session and they hope that if Grant should be the Republican nominee, they will by raising the cry of "Cæsarism"—"the man on horseback," etc., to divert attention from their settled determination to annul as far as possible the results of the war, which if it did not settle that the Union was supreme and the states subordinate, did not settle anything.

The reason of their pious? ascription to a kind Providence of a bountiful harvest and the blessing of returning prosperity arises from their hatred of resumption and the financial policy which has reduced the public debt, reduced the interest on the debt that remains, reduced the duties on prominent staples, reduced the public expenditures to the last dollar possible, with regard to efficiency and honesty in the public service and reduced the lately defiant Democratic party to a wrangling conglomeration of odds and ends, of Tildenites and Kellyites, &c., &c.; of this man's party and that man's party, hard money, soft money, anything at all. "All things to all men" for success.

A bountiful Providence blessed our land with generous crops in '77 and '78, and our people were fed and clothed and enabled to bear up against the long continued stagnation of business of all kinds; but the Greenback frenzy and the tinkering of the Democratic Congress with the finances of the country, frightened capital, proverbially timid, and for the great industries of our people languishing for lack of means there was no market, no demand for the great agricultural surplus of those years. Artisans without work were without money, and such was the uncertainty of the outcome of the financial vagaries propounded in Congress that few men ventured to part with cash except for necessaries.

In 1877 and '78 the farmers had crops but nobody had money to buy or move them. The resumption act, "the cause of all our woes," according to Democratic tinkerers, has put a different face on affairs. No sooner was the public assured that the great financier at the head of the treasury would be able to maintain the stand he had taken of equal and honest money for all men and all sections, than capital flowed into the depleted channels of industry, the hum of busy mills was heard, confidence was restored among tradesmen and faith revived in the harvesty of our purposes, and the stability of the new era of prosperity which has dawned upon us. A prosperity, which like resumption, incepted has come to stay.

To John Sherman's resumption act and the firmness of purpose and single honesty of intent which fought it through hosts of enemies and obstacles well high insurmountable, is due the fact that to-day a greenback or a bank note is worth a gold dollar throughout the length and breadth of our land, that money is cheap and plenty for all legitimate enterprises, that banking is free to all men and that the national bank notes furnish us with a well secured currency—good as gold, in every state and territory, a currency difficult to counterfeit and so flexible as to readily expand or contract as the business necessities of the country demand. John Sherman's inflexible steadiness in maintaining resumption restored confidence, and capital reassured came from its retirement, and to-day we have mills running double turn, prices and wages steadily and rapidly advancing, the wave of returning prosperity rising higher and higher, and which, if the verdict of the people in the recent state elections in Maine, California, Iowa and Ohio means anything, will culminate in placing in the Presidential chair that able statesman, that resolute and honest financier, the author and champion of resumption, John Sherman.

* * * *

ASHVILLE LETTER.

ASHVILLE, N. C., Oct. 20, 1879.

MR. W. P. CANADAY,

EDITOR POST:—The west is exceedingly well pleased with the candidates that you are supporting in your very excellent paper. The names of John Sherman and Ralph P. Buxton for President and Governor will add thousands of votes to our party in 1880. If Judge R. P. Buxton should be the Republican candidate for Governor we will certainly succeed. There is no man in the "north state" so popular as he. Everybody in the west is for Judge Buxton. Then give us Judge J. L. Henry, of this place, as Lieut.-Governor, and the transmontane district will go overwhelmingly for the Republican ticket.

The honorable John Sherman, who has as you say, at all times, stood by southern Union Republicans, can and will get a larger vote in this section than any man who could be nominated by either party. The west is for Sherman, that you can depend on.

For state treasurer, we up over the mountains, would be exceedingly well pleased to see Hon. David A. Jenkins nominated, and if he will take the place he will receive our undivided support, and he would add very much to the general ticket.

For secretary of state give us that stalwart and able Republican Maj. Richard C. Badger, one of the best stump speakers in North Carolina.

And ex-Attorney General Hargrove should be placed back on the ticket as Attorney General.

As Superintendent of Public Instruction, we understand that Mr. A. R. Black, of New Hanover, would be the strongest candidate that could be nominated. Mr. Black is one of the best teachers in the state and would be the right man in the right place. Therefore we respectfully nominate for the consideration of the next Republican Convention the following ticket:

For President,
JOHN SHERMAN.
For Vice President,
THOS. SETTLE.
For Governor,
RALPH P. BUXTON.
For Lieut.-Governor,
J. L. HENRY
Secretary of State,
RICHARD C. BADGER.
State Treasurer,
DAVID A. JENKINS.
Attorney General,
TAZEWELL R. HARGROVE.
Superintendent Public Instruction.
ARCHIE R. BLACK.

We will bet one thousand dollars on the success of the above ticket if the Republican Convention will put it before the people. Yours truly,

ASHVILLE REPUBLICAN

SMITHVILLE, N. C., Oct. 23, 1879.

The Superior Court of Brunswick county convened at Smithville Oct. 20th. The charge of his Honor to the jury was short and to the point. The attendance was very small, in fact no session of the court for many years has presented so still and uninviting a field for business or lawyers. For once in the history of the county there was not a single person confined in the jail for trial. This speaks volumes for the people, and is an evidence of their good intentions and respect for the law of the land. A portion of the time of the court was occupied in the hearing of a large number of bastardy cases, in one of which our worthy Solicitor, by an honest and somewhat unexpected answer of witness, received the gratuitous applause of the entire assembly. The remainder of the witnesses were relieved of the duty of answering any such questions by the Solicitor.

The court adjourned on Tuesday. The Board of County Commissioners were in session Monday and Tuesday, but very little business of an important nature was transacted. The tax books were accepted and the sheriff ordered to collect and he immediately commenced work.

Tuesday night the ladies of the M. E. church gave a festival in the Academy for the purpose of obtaining funds to pay off a small debt on their new parsonage. Although it was gotten up in great haste, it proved quite a success. The society netted some fifty dollars. The entire get up reflects great credit on the ladies who managed the affair, not only in the good order maintained throughout the entire evening, but in the bountiful and toothsome display for the inner man.

The great and glorious victory of Ohio, and the steady onward march of Republicanism everywhere throughout the land, has infused new life into the hearts of all who claim to believe in the principles of the party and in this county has scattered to the four winds of the heavens the last vestige of that old French financial paper baby humbug of a hundred years ago, named Greenbackism, at the present day. It has gone glimmering in this county, and its sponsors are as humble a set of men as any community need desire.

REGULAR.

DUDLEY, N. C., Oct. 15, 1879.

MR. EDITOR:—There has been seven murder cases tried in Wayne county in the past two years, five whites and two colored, and of the lot the two colored and one white was hung, and the other four white men go unpunished. All of the whites were Democrats. Jerry Cox, a colored man and a state's witness, was taken from the jail at night and killed. Will the Sheriff of Wayne let the good people know who committed this outrage? It is reported that he knows all about it, therefore we hope he will give the desired information. Cox was murdered in May last.

A FRIEND TO LAW.

CITY ITEMS.

Chew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco. 1y

FOR RENT.—A piano, for several months. If wanted for a long time, inquire at Heinsberger's. 3t

The receipts of cotton are increasing at this port.

Our friends in the country should send in their wood. It is bringing good prices now.

The fish market has been bountifully supplied during the past week.

A thief entered the residence of Mr. A. Weill of this city, but was frightened off minus his booty.

Rev. James W. Craig will fill the pulpit of the Front Street M. E. Church this morning, and the Pastor, Rev. E. A. Yates, will preach at night.

Quite an excitement prevailed near the corner of Seventh and Market streets Friday evening, caused by the burning out of a foul chimney.

We understand that the Greenbackers intend to have a meeting at Rocky Point on the 8th of November next.

The fire alarm was sounded twice yesterday A bale of cotton and the roof of a house being the cause.

Our roosters of last week did considerable crowing which made our Republicans all over the state very joyful.

Hon James H. Harriss of Raleigh, was in the city on Thursday last. We are sorry to see that he is not in very good health. We wish him success in life.

There was quite a change of temperature hereabouts yesterday morning. There was quite a good frost in and about the city. The cold wave seems to be general, and we are glad to see that there has been a good frost in fever stricken Memphis.

FANNIE LAURA SAMPSON.—The funeral service of this amiable and esteemed young Miss took place on Friday afternoon, October 23d, 1879, from St. Mark's Episcopal Church, and was sad and impressive. The large number of relatives and friends who followed her remains to their last resting place induces the belief that she was widely known, though young, and greatly beloved. Miss Fannie will be remembered by many who witnessed the presentation of the beautiful silk flag to Col. Mabson's battalion, and by members of this command, who sadly deplore her loss. The beautiful tribute she paid to the colored citizen soldiery, and the charge delivered to the recipients of the banner, cannot soon be forgotten. Cover her over with beautiful flowers.

DROWNING OF A REVENUE OFFICER.—Capt. Geo. W. Bailey, for quite a while in command of the Revenue Cutter Crawford, then stationed here, is pleasantly remembered by many of our citizens. He was drowned off Cape Flattery on the Pacific coast on the 16th of this month. He was the commander of the Revenue Cutter Richard Rush, and there was a heavy gale. He went on deck at one bell of the morning watch to speak to the officer of the deck, and was not seen afterwards. It is supposed that he was thrown overboard by a lurch of the vessel while standing near the rail. Capt. Bailey was one of the most efficient officers of the Revenue Marine Service, and his death will cause much sadness in this city and at Smithville. He was a native of Connecticut, and entered the service in 1865.

The city telephone fire alarm is about completed. The telephone exchange is now ready to receive the instruments which will no doubt be put up this week.

A man stepped into a store in the southern portion of the city on Monday last and called for a package of flour. It was handed to him, when he gave leg bail as payment for it.

John Ray, colored, fell into the river at the foot of Chesnut street on Tuesday night and was drowned. Friday the body was recovered and taken charge of by the friends of the deceased.

Mr. M. W. Hilburn, of Brunswick county, the Democrat spoken of in our issue of the 5th instant, who visited Smithville to have his taxes reduced, &c. We also stated that the Democrat "paid $10 to a lawyer." This Mr. Hilburn denies paying a lawyer and he also denies being a Democrat. We make these corrections for Mr. Hilburn with pleasure.

Southern Musical Journal.

With the Nov. number is inaugurated Vol. VIII of this valuable musical monthly. For seven years it has gladdened the hearts of Southern music lovers, and year by year it has gained popularity and circulation, until it now visits nearly every postoffice in our music loving South, and performs no unimportant part towards the musical education of our people. The musical contents for this month are "Life's Merry May," a calisthenic carol, adapted by W. Ludden; "Petersdorf March," by Carl Faust; "Come in and shut the door," serio comic song by Calicot, and Abt's beautiful song, "Dear Angel, sleep thee well." All this in one number, and twelve such numbers in a year. All for $1.00, and a dollar's worth of Premium Sheet Music thrown in for full measure. Send your subscription at once to the publishers, Messrs. LUDDEN & BATES, Savannah, Ga.

WELCOME.—P. A. Cummings has issued "Vol. I., No. 1," of the Madison county *News*. It is to be Republican in principle, because it is not respectable to be anything else in Madison county. It is going to be intensely local, which is the true policy for a country paper, and will show:

Our railroad needs building, our river needs manufacturing establishments along its banks, our iron, gold and silver mines need opening, our lands need better cultivation, we need more and better schools and a higher standard of education, and especially do we want the outside world to know that we grow the best and finest tobacco upon the eastern continent, and that too—large quantities. Surrounded and hemmed in by mountain fastnesses, with but few natural passes of ingress and egress we are almost issolated from the great commercial centers. We therefore propose through our paper to let the world know who and where we are, and what we are doing, and our great natural resources.

The *North American Review* for November opens with a series of replies, by Julia Ward Howe, Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Thomas Wentworth Higginson, Lucy Stone and Wendell Phillips, to Mr. Parkman's article on "The Woman Question," which appeared in the October number. They are united under the title, "The Other Side of the Woman Question," and give a very complete presentation of the arguments in favor of extending the right of suffrage to women. The second paper is an attack on Malthusianism, Darwinism and Pessimism, by Professor Francis Bowen, of Harvard College. The writer declares that Malthusianism has no advocates, that Darwinism stands completely refuted by the facts of nature, and that in the despair of Pessimism we witness the worst consequences of the Malthusian theory. This essay will be enjoyed by those who like discussion in which no quarter is given or taken. "A Page of Political Correspondence," which follows, is a collection of letters written by Mr. Stanton to ex-President Buchanan at the beginning of Mr. Lincoln's administration, and now for the first time given to the public. They give in very plain terms the writer's opinion of Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Seward, and of the measures taken by the government to resist the secessionists. Part IV. of "The Diary of a Public Man" treats chiefly of the relinquishment of Fort Sumter, Mr. Seward's negotiations with Virginia, the progress of events at Richmond and Montgomery, and the plan of a peace convention. Another interview with Mr. Lincoln is described, in which the President made several of those characteristic remarks which caused him to be so much misunderstood by those about him when he first came into power, but are now quoted as proofs of his shrewdness and ability. Professor Arthur L. Perry contributes a clearly written essay on "Tariff Reactions," in which he insists that every form of protection must operate calamitously in time. The concluding article is a review of "Some Recent Works of Fiction," by Edward Eggleston.

[From the Inter-Ocean.]

SOMEBODY'S MOTHER.

The woman was old and ragged and gray,
And bent with the chill of a winter day;
The streets were white with a recent snow,
And the woman's feet with age were slow.
At the crowded crossing she waited long,
Jostled aside by the careless throng
Of human beings who passed her by,
Unheeding the glance of her anxious eye.

Down the street, with laughter and shout,
Glad of the freedom of "school let out,"
Came happy boys, like a flock of sheep,
Blocking the snow piled white and deep.
Past the woman, so old and gray,
Hastened the children on their way.
None offered a helping hand to her,
So weak and timid, afraid to stir,
Lest the carriage wheels or the horses' feet
Should trample her down in the slippery street.

At last came out of the merry troupe
The gayest boy of all the group.
He paused beside her and whispered low,
"I'll help you across if you wish to go."
Her aged hand on his strong young arm
She placed, and so, without hurt or harm,
He guided the trembling feet along,
Proud that his own were firm and strong.
Then back again to his friends he went,
His young heart happy and well content.

"She's somebody's mother, boys, you know,
For all she's aged, poor, and slow;
And some one sometime may lend a hand
To help my mother—you understand?
If ever she's poor and old and gray,
And her own dear boy is far away."

"Somebody's mother" bowed low her head
In her home that night, and the prayer she said
Was: "God be kind to that noble boy,
Who is somebody's son and pride and joy."
Faint was the voice and worn and weak,
But heaven lists when its chosen speak.
Angels caught the faltering word,
And "somebody's mother's" prayer was heard.

Mr. John E. Owens, it seems, is not in a hurry to visit Australia. At least, he has stopped on his way at San Francisco to play in "Everybody's Friend" and "Solon Shingles."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRANT'S TOUR Around The World.

A COMPLETE RECORD OF THE JOURney of General U. S. Grant, through England, Ireland, Scotland, France, Spain, Germany, Austria, Italy, Belgium, Switzerland, Russia, Egypt, India, China, and Japan, with a graphic description of the places visited, manners and customs of the countries, interesting incidents, enthusiastic ovations by Emperors, Kings, and the people of all climes. Sure success to all who take hold; will positively outsell all books.

AGENTS WANTED To sell this, the cheapest, the best, and the only authentic low-priced book on the subject. 800 pages. Price $3.25. Address FORSHEE & McMAKIN, 188 West Fifth Street, Cincinnati, O.

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CONSUMPTION

CURED. A simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung Affections. Also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, which has been tested in thousands of cases. Receipt, with full directions (in German, French, or English) for preparing and using, sent by mail free of charge on receipt of stamp. Please name this paper. W. W. SHERAR, 149 Powers' Block, Rochester, N.Y.

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REASONS WHY

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER

IS THE

Best Family Medicine of the Age,

And why it should be kept always near at hand:

1st. PAIN-KILLER is the most certain Cholera cure that medical science has produced.

2nd. PAIN KILLER, as a Diarrœa and Dysentery remedy, seldom if ever fails.

3rd. PAIN-KILLER will cure Cramps or Pains in any part of the system. A single dose usually affects a cure.

4th. PAIN-KILLER will cure dyspepsia and indigestion, if used according to directions.

5th. PAIN-KILLER is an almost never-failing cure for Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c.

6th. PAIN-KILLER has proved a Sovereign Remedy for Fever and Ague, and Chill Fever; it has cured the most obstinate cases.

7th. PAIN-KILLER as a liniment is unequaled for Frost Bites, Chilblains, Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, &c.

8th. PAIN-KILLER has cured cases of Rheumatism and Neuralgia after years standing.

9th. PAIN-KILLER will destroy Boils, Felons, Whitlows Old Sores, giving relief from pain after the first application.

10th. PAIN-KILLER cures Headache, and Toothache.

11th. PAIN-KILLER will save you days of sickness and many a dollar in time and Doctor's bills.

12th. PAIN-KILLER has been before the public over thirty seven years and is a purely Vegetable preparation, safe to keep and use in every family. The simplicity attending its use, together with the great variety of diseases that may be entirely eradicated by it, and the great amount of pain and suffering that can be alleviated through its use, make it imperative upon every person to supply themselves with this valuable remedy, and to keep it always near at hand.

The PAIN-KILLER is now known and appreciated in every quarter of the Globe. Physicians recommend it in their practice, while all classes of society have found in it relief and comfort. Give it a trial.

Be sure and buy the genuine. Every Druggist, and nearly every Country Grocer throughout the land keep it for sale.

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READ.

We stood at an open window
Leaning far over the sill,
And if something hadn't happened
We might have stood there still;
But we reached for a banging shutter
In a blinding northeast breeze,
So our friends will have to be invited
To join in the obsequies.

IF WE COULD ONLY HAVE KNOWN what a storm was brewing (in a teapot), and how far off that shutter was, we should never have ventured our head outside of that window; but it is too late for regrets now; we are nonplussed, completely squelched, have been sat upon, and our friends and the public generally are respectfully invited to attend the obsequies on

SATURDAY NEXT

and we stake our reputation on its being the grandest funeral they ever witnessed.

As he slips he slides, and every time he slides he slips up most woefully. We leave our "kind friends" to find out the meaning of the above, and while they are doing so we will ask the following questions:

Havn't we the ugliest and dirtiest store in the State?

Havn't we the poorest stock of goods in Wilmington?

Haven't we made prices much higher since we commenced?

Haven't we been very unaccommodating and impolite to you?

Haven't we charged you for all he goods delivered?

Haven't we made a great many mistakes and refused to correct them when our attention was called thereto?

All of our friends who answer "yes" to the above questions will please not buy from us any more. Respectfully and truly,

P. L. BRIDGERS & CO.

In glancing over last Sunday's paper we regretted to notice the tacit acknowledgment from some of our brother grocers that we had taken away part of their trade, and making an appeal to the others not to leave them. We regret this exceedingly, especially as they were so kind and considerate about our coming to grief, but suppose, as we have determined to do the

LARGEST RETAIL GROCERY BUSINESS

ever done in Wilmington, we will in the future have to keep from being so tender hearted, and CUT DOWN PRICES a little more.

THE BLOODY CHASM HAS BEEN BRIDGED OVER.

THE LITTLE JOKERS are not quite gone.

A fine line of TOILET SOAPS received to-day, very low down.

The OLD CAPE FEAR is flourishing and MARTELLE swimming.

We have been over and smoked that "Cigar of Peace," (a fine Havana it was), but still think it would be bad policy to stop furnishing the papers with our fine literary productions, as they have the tendency to keep prices very low, which we, of course, with all other good grocers, desire; only want enough left to pay for clerk's hire, store rent and taxes.

NOT PURITANICAL.

Although opposed to the drinking of Liquors, P. L. BRIDGERS & CO. are not puritanical enough to refuse to sell them, as they think no FIRST CLASS GROCERY STORE can afford to be without, but they promise the ladies that they would never find out there was any on the premises, as it must be taken elsewhere to be drunk.

BUMGARDNER,

STUART'S DEW and

DURHAM OLD RYE

received this week.

TRY OUR BUTTER AND LARD

The purest, oldest, and best CORN WHISKEY in the State, to be bought only at

P. L. BRIDGERS & CO'S.

P. S.—We feel highly flattered at the notice taken of our advertisements, especially by a fellow grocer, who was not surprised at the endorsement of our usual Sunday morning ad, on account of one of our friends having gone to New York Saturday night.

dec 15 P. L. B. & CO.

THE WILMINGTON POST.

W. P. CANADAY, Ed'r & Prop'r.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, OCT. 26, 1879.

The resolutions put forth by the Republican state committee of Louisiana recently held, ignore entirely the questions which have agitated that state for the last several years, and put forth general declarations upon national affairs in accordance with Republican principles, and declare for the payment of the state debt, and for measures of state interest which ought to be acceptable to the business people, point out certain evils which ought be avoided, and evidently show an intention of opening the door to new political combinations. It is to be judged that this course has been taken by the Republicans of that state after due consideration, and with a view of availing themselves of a new element in their party. We are willing to abide the decision of the Republicans of that state and await results.

Our readers will see on the third page an entertaining letter from Alexander Finch of Bladen, dated in 1980, and addressed to his grandson.

Gen. Sheridan has done himself no credit by the abrupt manner in which he spoke of the progress of Gen. Merritt being stopped by an order from Gen. Sherman, direct to Merritt. Gen. Sherman, it seems, had stopped Gen. Merritt from crossing the Rocky Mountains in pursuit of the Utes, on account of the difficulty of keeping up supplies by that route during the winter. Gen. Sheridan characterized the order as a "selling out" and "tying up" of the Army. Neither Gen. Sheridan nor any other officer of the Army can afford to use language so unmilitary to his superior officer.

We ask special attention to the astounding facts stated by our very intelligent correspondent "Cato," in regard to the oppressions of the new road law. This law was passed with the purpose of improving our much neglected highways, but as will be seen below it operates with the utmost inequality and injustice upon a class least able to bear it. As our correspondent shows here was an instance where a tax of $1,188 was worked out on a principle upon which each person, rich or poor paid $33—and a poor man paid as much as a rich man. The old Romans in their Senate had a way of crying out, "Hear what Cato says!" The people may do the same with this Cato.

Senator Vance is not a success as a subject of interview. Every time a newspaper reporter gets at him, he manages to utter a good many scattering, loose and rambling opinions. In answer to some questions of the Washington *Post's* man he said, "I am heartily sick of soldiers, and would prefer a civilian in the Executive chair," but added "we need a Union soldier to offset this Grant boom." He does not doubt but "Grant is the coming man for the Republicans," and that "Tilden is slaughtered if the state (New York) goes Republican this year," but that it "don't follow in that case that it is lost for the Democrats in the Presidential election." Then he likens the New York Republicans to the Kilkenny cats. It would have been difficult to put more false reasoning and inconsequent speech in the same space.

DEMOCRATIC COMMENTS.

There is a great variety of opinions among the Democratic editors of the south on the result in Ohio. As a sample of what they are saying, we copy a part of an article in the *Robesonian* of Lumberton, a paper which in intelligence is much above the average of its Democratic compeers:

We of the hated south should learn one practical, useful lesson from this election, and that is, that so long as we are the scape goat of both parties; so long as a portion of the Democratic party north, will vie with the Radical party in preventing the "solid south" from destroying the government, just so long will our prosperity be delayed, and our position in the true sense of the term as part and parcel of the United States be questioned. But should we go at once to work to build up our section, encourage immigration and build factories for the manufacture of our cotton, &c.; in short, should we be able to show to the north, that we would rather stop the wheels of their factories; workshops, &c., &c., than to stop the wheels of a government, which was formed for us as well as for them, and a government, which, should the occasion come, we would show more real devotion to than they did in 1861-'65; then, indeed, will we be accorded our proper position in the Union?

We take the liberty of stating that we do not believe that the north hates the south, but they hate a good deal of the conduct of the south. The southern Democrats having by disreputable means made themselves masters of all the southern states, and not having used their authority as becomes real American citizens are losing standing among all parties at the north. No Democrat in the north can go before his constituency and defend or even apologise for the proceedings of the Democrats of the south, and be sustained.

The *Robesonian* is very much mistaken if it supposes that there is any jealousy in the north as towards the prosperity of the south in the manufacture of cotton or other things. In the best times, when the south bought the most of northern fabrics they took only one-fifth of what the north made. They do not take that amount now. But there is not a sensible manufacturer in the north, who does not know and believe, that if the south was as prosperous as the north in manufactures, the north would be better off. If the south were as populous and as prosperous in manufactures as New England they would buy more of New England products than they now do, just as where a man doing any kind of business, is better off in a prosperous and wealthy neighborhood, than he is in one where they are all miserably poor, without means to buy anything. It is better to have neighbors who are enlightened and prosperous there, than to have those who are ignorant and impoverished. The whole north would be much better pleased, much happier if Norfolk, Wilmington, Charleston and Savannah were as great in everything as Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. And there is not a political economist in the world who does not know that New York would be benefitted if Virginia were as prosperous as she is, or North Carolina as prosperous as Pennsylvania. It is not possible "to stop the wheels of their factories" by building factories here.

JUDICIAL STUMP SPEAKING.

Judge Field of the Supreme Court seems to have fallen to making stump speeches on the bench. He not only arraigns the law making power for tending toward centralization, but he draws his blade on his compeers of the Court and says that "under legislation and the course of decision of late years, our government is fast drifting from its ancient moorings—from the system established by our fathers, into a vast centralized and consolidated government." As if this was not enough he arraigns the Court in the following extraordinary language—certainly extraordinary for the bench: "The doctrines announced in the opinion of the majority of the Court go further than any heretofore advanced, and any even thought possible in the history of the country, to destroy the independence of the states and establish their helplessness, even in matters of local concern, as against the will of Congress."

It is some time since we have had a stump orator on the bench of the Supreme Court, but it is chronic in that Court to be afflicted with the disease of "Presidency on the brain." The oldest inhabitant does not remember the time when some one of those ermined and robed gentlemen has not been a candidate for the Presidency. Because that malady has been so fatal to such persons as Cass, Clay, Thurman, Hendricks and Douglas, it has no terrors for the Davises and the Fields of the bench. There is one small piece of legislation which Congress might take in hand properly, and that is to create a tribunal to try and punish a member of the Supreme Court for conduct "unbecoming an officer and a gentleman"—an act which would be specially applicable to Judge Field, and to which he ought not to object—as being *ex post facto*.

A SENSIBLE MOVEMENT.

The southern Republicans residing in Washington, have formed an organization for the purpose of aiding the party in the southern states by correspondence and otherwise. If this movement is conducted with discretion as we have a right to suppose it will be, it will contribute greatly to the benefit of our party in the south.

There are to be appointed a committee to select and report a committee of two for each state to act in the matter. At a preliminary meeting the following preamble and resolution was adopted:

In order to aid in promoting and maintaining the principles of the National Republican party, and in securing their adoption and triumph in the southern states of the Union, and to render all the assistance in our power to Republicans in the south in their efforts to suppress lawlessness and anarchy, and to establish Republican governments and constitutional liberty in the southern states,

Resolved, That we, southern Republicans residing temporarily in the city of Washington, appoint a committee, consisting of two members from each southern state, to be called the Executive committee, whose duty it shall be to advise and co-operate with Republican committees and organizations in the southern states, with the view of carrying out the foregoing objects and purposes.

Eastern Siberia is said to be menaced by famine; the prices of grain are higher than were ever known before, and the poorer classes are already suffering severely. The harvest is an extremely poor one, and during the winter it is expected that the population will be in a terrible condition of want. The cattle plague has increased the evil, there being in many villages not one beast left alive.

Talmage loves to hear his congregation sing: "Fly abroad thou mighty gospel," but he seems to interpret his mission as if the divine command read: "Go ye into all the world and preach the gospel to every creature"—at $500 a night.—*Toronto Graphic.*

When the old gentleman comes home and finds his daughters have got his slippers and the easy chair and the evening paper ready for him, he realizes that it is the season for a fall opening of his pocket book.—*Boston Post.*

A SPLENDID MEETING.

That was a glorious meeting held at the Cooper Institute on Tuesday night and addressed by Mr. Evarts and Senator Blaine—the latter briefly. Mr. Evarts made a long and very elaborate oration on the situation and the relations of parties. It was a thoroughly stalwart speech. The following is the way he arraigned the Democratic party:

But, really, gentlemen, I must come to even a graver suggestion, and that is that there is not any Democratic party at all [Hear! Hear!] That the only party in this country—and I regret it—that has a unity of counsel and a unity of purpose, a unity in future plans for the country and reason for their existence and a rational appeal to the country to continue them in power, is the Republican party. [Applause.] I regret it, I say, because there should always be two great parties, sincere, strenuous rivals in the effort to serve the country and in their appeals to the support of the country; but there is no Democratic party; Solon Chase ran away with it in Maine, Gen. Butler in Massachusetts. [Aside—What is the name of that man in California?]—Kearney in California.—[Laughter.] It is beaten in Ohio. [Applause.] It is divided in New York. [Applause.] Pray, where is the Democratic party. [Laughter.] That last final test—it has not been able to stand even the cohesion of public plunder—divides them in New York. [Applause.] What are their principles? What do they propose? They don't intend even to have a Democratic candidate for the Presidency next year for the ensuing term. The only candidate they propose is one to prove he has had the last term. [Laughter.] What do you think of carrying on a great country for four years, after 1880, on no more living, progressive, vivifying, and exalting programme than that "Fraud cannot be condoned." [Laughter.) Four years of meditation on that subject! Laughter.]

* * * * * *

I may say, even in another sense, that there is no Democratic party any more. Why, look at their candidates! So unwilling are they to present themselves in their true character that they borrow flag candidates to run up to the mast-head as decoys or masked candidates, to conceal their own front. They did not dare to make a headway in 1872, except under the mask of Horace Greeley, and they must run up in Massachusetts the honored name of Charles F. Adams; in New York they must take from us Robinson and Bigelow; in Ohio, E .ing.

* * * * * *

We are told in the Bible of the hard fate of the strong man who fled from a lion, and a bear met him, and he leaned his hand against a wall, and a serpent bit him. And see this strong man of the Democratic party fleeing from the lion of northern loyalty, and falling under the feet—under the embrace of the sullen and cruel bear of southern violence, and when he leans his hand against the strong wall of the unterrified Democracy of New York, the serpent of Tildenism bit him. [Applause.]

He closed as follows:

I regret exceedingly, gentlemen, that the interests and feelings of southern statesmen, and the estrangement of the southern people, should have forced again to the front these subjects so distasteful to a sober and safe and satisfied and industrious people; but it has been done. A rapid, vehement, general concentration of public opinion over all the rest of the country must put down this agitation by making it unprofitable, in honor or prosperity, to any political party that thus disturbs the public peace. [Applause.] We must not be dragged through another 20 years of this unequal contest if we exercise our power. It is the duty of every honest American citizen to put the true interests of the country, so vast, so manifold, in the hands of honest statesmen who love peace and will pursue righteousness. [Applause.] Then, indeed, and without much delay, this great people shall put on again its natural hue of resolution, and address itself to enterprises of great pith and moment. [Applause.]

SAM. COX

The humors of the New York canvass, as between the followers of Robinson and the adherents of John Kelly are very amusing. Sunset Cox is out in his very funniest mood, and is saying those sort of sharp things which he can say about as well as anybody when he tries. At Corning the other day he made a speech, the synopsis of which, we can't help copying, on account of its sharp hits. He evidently kept the Kellyites good natured throughout. Here it is:

Mr. S. S. Cox came on as the first speaker, but as a railroad train was passing with its bell ringing at the time he said: "When that bell ceases tolling the knell of Lucius Robinson I will go on." He went on to say that he was willing to be irregular in the right. The question presented in the Convention was, Will you stand by home rule or Lucius Robinson? He was taught when offered a choice of evils to take neither. He was reminded of a man in New York who, on being asked which he liked best, Wallack or Boucicault, said, "Give me Fanny Davenport." "So," said Mr. Cox, "between Robinson and Cornell, give me Kelly. At Syracuse they knew we would keep our word, and that when Kelly pledged himself to go out he would stick to that pledge. We didn't do as the Robinsonians did in 1877, who went whispering around against the state candidates. They were nominated in spite of them and of secret circulars and stabs in the back. We did our bolting under the open sky, but they are like the man in the Scriptures who said, 'How art thou, brother?' and dirked him under the fifth rib. The resolutions adopted at Syracuse were drawn up by us, and we know that Robinson does not stand upon them. They are still ours. The difference between those who are trying to be good Democrats this year and who were bad Democrats last year is just the difference between a smell and a perfume, but these so-called good Democrats are ingrates of the worst kind, and will be put down this year forever. When our Police Commissioners were stricken down without a hearing and Tilden's little private secretary was made a Police Commissioner, another secretary of Cooper was made the same, and other friends of Tilden were appointed to place, we know that they were all sleeping in one trundle bed." (Laughter.) somebody in the back of the hall asked, "What about the Canal Ring?" The speaker said, "If you will only come forward and let me see you, I'll blow you for a hollow horn." (Laughter.) There was one special reason why they should not sustain Tilden or his pet Robinson, and that was the cipher dispatches, the most infamous scheme that was ever devised to compass political corruption. The speaker went on to describe the nature of the cipher dispatches, saying the gang engaged in their concoction had certain fictitious names, Tilden's being "Denmark," "because, I suppose," said he, "there was something rotten in the state of Denmark." Mr. Cox went on to read some of the original cipher despatches, giving the translations, creating great amusement. He then went on with a high eulogy of John Kelly.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The Injustice of the New Highway Tax Law.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE POST:

It is asked why the negro is leaving his native land. Better ask why any laboring man, white or black, will remain here. Mr. Editor, the manner in which the roads are being worked and kept up since the Democratic party have had control is graver cause for discontent and rebellion than all the ills complained of before, and upon which, by great efforts, the copperheads of the south inaugurated the late war. We will give you one of the many instances to demonstrate and make good the declaration.

In one half mile from this place is a piece of road some two miles long, the fourth of which is difficult to be kept in good repair, being muddy. The overseer told us (a man of veracity) that he worked thirty-six hands thirty-three days, or thirty-three hands thirty-six days, I do not now remember which, on that road, amounting to a tax, at one dollar each, (remember this was all done in one year) of eleven hundred and eighty-eight dollars per year; and that too taken from men who are least able to bear it. Now when Black's bridge was built here, by that skillful and finished architect R. G. Ross, a great cry was raised about the cost, which I think was only about twenty-two hundred dollars—a tax of comparatively nothing—upon the whole people to raise, but then it was taken equally out of that class of men who wish to live, monopolize, enjoy and riot in the blessings and privileges of the government without bearing its burdens. No sir, they cannot stand the realities of their own most atrocious and cruel exactions and wrongs when applied to themselves. "They bind heavy burdens and grievous to be borne, and lay them on men's shoulders; but they themselves will not move them with one of their fingers."

With a greatly diminished population in numbers they have, by oppressive and unjust laws, empowered the members of their own party to increase the number of roads to any number they think proper, and as a consequence, the most obnoxious and insufferable tyranny is exercised. And where there used to be in the days of slavery two, they have now at least three and in many cases five roads. But then that was in the days of slavery, when to work and use the poor white men you would have to call out the negroes from the employ of the Lords of the Soil, which would not do, though they would only send as a general rule about one-half of the number the law required. But what could you do? or rather, what could the poor white laborer do with this privileged class of gentlemen? They were omnipotent in the south, and it was perilous in many cases, to gainsay or oppose any of their plans or schemes. They have again ascended the throne and are pressing and exerting all of their powers to beget a degree of servility which will not dare assert its independence, and then, as heretofore, their control will be absolute in the south.

Poor men of the country, awake from your lethargy and indifference—come to the front and hurl the miserable pretenders from their fraudulently obtained positions! Be no longer the suppliant tools of a party whose discriminating policy will make slaves of you and stamp your children with inferiority and disgrace. The whole tendency of Democracy in the south has ever been to absorb the rights and privileges of the poor white man, and none but the wilfully blind can fail to see and understand it. Ask who occupies positions as appointees of the late *Stat pro ratione voluntas*, state government. And the answer will come from every quarter, almost, that the same old fossils who held despotic sway before the war or some offspring or blood relation of that class of men hold the positions now. What power have the poor men of that party? none; tethered as an ox or a cow when turned out to graze, they only move as their masters allow them to do, and never except when the lookout is good and indicates some propitious and desirable results, to these friends' patriots can they be seen or heard as citizens at all. Overlooked, ignored, snubbed, on all other occasions they would be glad to escape notice altogether, as attention on such occasions, but none clearly proves the estimation in which they are held and the purpose and aim of their rulers. But enough for the present. We will write more if this is published.

CATO.

A Voice from the Transmontane Region.

October 17, 1879.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE POST:

I see in the newspapers of the state the names of various distinguished gentlemen suggested as probable candidates for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor of the state on the Republican ticket at the next election. The Republicans of the west will cheerfully support the nominee of the party, whoever he may be. I beg leave to suggest in addition to the names already mentioned the name of Hon. Jas. L. Henry of Buncombe county, as a gentleman in every way well qualified for the first position on our ticket. Judge Henry is well known in the state as a learned jurist, having attained great eminence as Superior Court Judge from 1868 up to 1876. Even the Democratic newspapers frequently applauded and commended him for the quick, intelligent and dignified manner in which he dispensed justice. He is a fire-tried Republican, in the prime and vigor of manhood, a close reasoner, clear and logical debater, would throw vigor and enthusiasm into a campaign. The Republicans of the west say, give us Henry for our standard bearer. For the second place on the ticket we want an eastern man, and we desire to see that battle scared veteran of the POST, Mr. Canaday, on the ticket for the second position. With such a ticket the state can be carried.

WESTERN CAROLINA.

The New York *Sun*, an Independent Democratic paper, says:

Exultant over the success in Ohio, some of the Republicans are now claiming their ability to elect the next President, and to sweep out of power the present Democratic majority of the Senate in 1881.

At present the Senate stands forty-two Democrats, thirty-three Republicans, and one Indepennent, David Davis. Thus the Democrats have nine majority over the Republicans, or eight majority over all. Of the seventy-six Senators there are twenty-five whose terms will expire on March 3, 1881. The eleven states of California, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Nevada, Ohio (in place of Thurman), Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin will certainly return Republican Senators. The nine states of Delaware, Florida, Maryland, Mississippi (in place of Bruce), Missouri, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia will certainly return Democratic Senators.

Twenty of the twenty-five new Senators are thus accounted for, with a gain of one on each side, leaving the relative situation of the two parties unchanged. The remaining five seats are now filled by Messrs. Eaton of Connecticut, McDonald of Indiana, Kernan of New York, Randolph of New Jersey, and Wallace of Pennsylvania. The Republicans have the present legislatures of Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. The Democrats have that of Indiana. In the elections to be held in these states, the probability is that each party will hold its own. In that case, the new Senate would stand thirty eight Democrats, thirty-seven Republicans, and one Independent. Should the Republicans carry Indiana, the two parties would change places, and the Republicans would have thirty-eight votes, the Democrats thirty-seven votes, with one Independent, who, by voting with the Democrats, would give the new Vice President the casting voice, and transform his negative functions into a controlling power in the legislation of that body.

It was thus seen that, conceding every seat claimed by the Republicans, even including that for Indiana, they would still be without an actual majority in the Senate in 1881. In either of the contingencies presented, Judge Davis could tie the Senate. Then the result would depend entirely upon the political complexion of the next Vice President.

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We propose to give you a list of the most desirable of these goods, giving opposite each article its regular retail value, and sell to you at the rate of Five Dollars' worth for $1.00. For instance, on receipt of 50 cts. we will send you, POSTPAID, any article to the value of $2.50; on receipt of $1.00 articles to the value of $5.00, and so on throughout the entire list. Below we give a list of the most valuable of these goods.

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" Cameo and other Stone Rings, large	1.00
" Heavy Link Vest Chain and Charm	1.00
" Extra Fine Scarf Rings or Pins	1.00
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Gent's Long New Style Vest Chain and Charm	$1.45
" Scarf Rings and Pins, New Styles and Extra Fine	1.45
" Heavy Set Stone and Fancy Studs	1.45
" or Ladies' Cameo, Amethyst and Onyx Sleeve Buttons	1.45
" or Ladies' Cameo, Amethyst and other Stone Rings	1.45
Ladies' Long and very Fancy Cuff Pins,	1.45
" Extra Finished Onyx, Amethyst and Engraved Pins	1.45
" Extra Finished Onyx, Amethyst and Engraved Ear-Drops	1.45
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Any Six of the above articles will be mailed free on receipt of $2.00	
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" Heavy Large Solitaire Australian Diamond Single Stud	1.90
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Any Eight of the above articles you may select will be mailed to you free on receipt of $3.00.	
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" Cameo Medallion Pin and Ear-Drops	2.50
" or Gent's Massive Wedding Ring Plain or Band	2.50
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1 Pure Abyssinian Silver Hunting-Case Geneva Watch.

Any of these Four Watches will be sent alone for $8.50, or the Watch and either a Gent's Heavy Abyssinian Gold Vest Chain and Charm, or a Ladies' Solid Abyssinian Gold Long Opera or Opera Guard Chain, for $8.00.

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CHARLES J. PETERSON,

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135 Acres of Land in Bladen County, one and a half miles from the Cape Fear River, Prospect Hill landing.

25 Acres of open Land, produces Corn, Cotton, and is in splendid condition.

Dwelling and out Houses in good condition.

3,000

Cords of Pine wood can be cut on this tract of Land.

Parties wishing to purchase, will please apply to

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Prospect Hill, Bladen County, N. C.

1t.

DIRECTORY OF LODGES.

MASONIC.—(WHITE.)

St. John's Lodge No. 1, F & A M, meet last Thursday evening of each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Lodge 319, F & A M, meets 3d Tuesday in each month, at Masonic Hall

Concord Chapter No 1, R A M, meets 3d Monday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Council No. 4, R and S M, meet 2d Monday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

Wilmington Commandery No. 1, K T, meets 2d Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Hall.

KNIGHTS OF HONOR.

Carolina Lodge 434, meet 1st and 3d Mondays in each month, at Odd Fellows Hall.

I. O. O. F.

Cape Fear Lodge No 2, meets every Tuesday evening.

Orion Lodge No 17, meets every Wednesday evening.

Campbell Encampment No. 1, meets 1st and 3d Friday evening of each month.

Rebecca Lodge meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings of each month.

Wilmington Degree Lodge meets 2d and 4th Thursday evening of each month.

I. O. B. B.

North State Lodge No. 222, meet 1st and 3d Sunday in each month, at 3 o'clock p m.

O. K. S. B.

Manhattan Lodge No 1[illegible], meets 2d and 4th Sunday in each month, at 1 o'clock p m.

ROYAL ARCANUM.

Cornelius Harnett Council No 2[illegible], meets 2d and 4th Monday evening of each month.

The above Lodges meet at Odd Fellows Hall on Third between Princess and Chestnut streets.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Stonewall Lodge No. 1, Meets every Monday at Castle Hall, on Third street.

Germania Lodge No. 4, meets every Thursday evening at Castle Hall.

Endowment Rank No. 2[illegible], meet 2d Friday in each month, at Castle Hall.

I. O. G. T.

Wilmington Lodge No. 44, meets every Wednesday evening, at Temperance Hall, on Third street.

I. O. R. M.

Wyoming Tribe No. 4, meets every Tuesday evening, at [illegible] on Princess between Front and Second streets.

MASONIC—(COLORED.)

Mt. Nebo Lodge meets 1st and 3d Monday in each month, on Sixth between Walnut and Red Cross streets.

Giblem Lodge, meet 2d and 4th Monday in each month, corner Eighth and Princess streets.

G. U. O. O. F.

Free Love Lodge, meet 1st and 3d Tuesday in each month, corner Dock and Water sts.

Golden Lyre Lodge, meet 1st and 3d Monday in each month, corner Market and Water streets.

I. O. OF G. S. AND D. S.

Queen Esther meets every Monday evening.

Star of Liberty, meets every Tuesday evening.

Ingenious, meets every Tuesday evening

Union, meets every Wednesday evening

Loving Union, meet every Wednesday evening.

Damon and Pythias, meet every Thursday evening.

Fidelity, meet every Friday evening.

The above Lodges occupy the second and third stories, [illegible], of [illegible] building, on Princess street.

Mt. Sinai, meets 1st and 3d Monday in each month, corner Second and Princess streets.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me.

THE WILMINGTON POST.

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

SUNDAY MORNING, OCT. 26, 1879.

THE GREAT HEGIRA.

As viewed from the year 1980—Grandfather Finch of Bladen writes a letter to his grandson—tells him how whites and blacks deserted North Carolina—the country grown up to forests—towns in ruins, &c., &c., &c.

FINCH'S BLUFF,
BLADEN COUNTY,
Nov. 25, 1980.

MY DEAR GRANDSON:

As I left the landing at Wilmington near where the old wharves used to be, you asked me to give you a description of things as they were when my father was alive, and when I was a boy, and to tell you something as to how the present state of things came about. We were three days getting here and had hard rowing, as the river was full of dead trees, logs and brush, and our provisions nearly gave out. We ate the last on the bluff where the village of Elizabethtown used to stand, under the shadow of the ruins of the old Court House, and reached here this morning at about daylight. You know I am near the end of my eighty-first year. It was before I was born that North Carolina and nearly all the southern states began to decline. When I was ten years old there were several steamers running on the Cape Fear, and I have seen nearly a hundred sail in the river at Wilmington. Now scarcely one a month, and no steamers because there is nothing for them to do. There were also three railroads running out of the town, which have long since been discontinued because there was no business for them, and the iron was taken up. Then the country was quite thickly settled where it is now grown up to forests, and there were roads and little villages where there is now not much but desolation and wilderness. Wilmington then was quite a flourishing town, as were Charlotte, Fayetteville, Raleigh, Newberne, and other places. There were in all of them churches and schools and handsome private residences, where there are now only a few small and poor houses and crumbling brick walls. Then it was perfectly safe to travel alone anywhere, and you would not see a stockade around any house, and there were no highwaymen nor wandering and marauding bands of thieves as now, excepting in a few instances, and such a thing as a bear, or wolfe, or panther was hardly known, where now they are prowling all about.

You, my boy, who have read how ancient cities like Tyre, Sidon and Nineveh were destroyed, how great and populous and opulent countries like Carthage and Macedonia were depopulated, and how great and powerful nations like Rome were obliterated, or how islands like Sicily or Cyprus or Ceylon dwindled, need not be surprised at this great change in our part of the country. It is true that most populous countries have fallen in consequence of wars, but not all. Other causes such as excessive luxury which produced effeminacy and vice and indolence have broken down peoples and depopulated territories. Some whole nations have dwindled without any very apparent cause, as for instance Spain, which has greatly diminished from its former wealth and population and splendor, not by war but by not keeping up with the progress of other peoples.

As near as I can judge the present condition of this part of the country came about nearly as follows: About the year 1861 there broke out a war which was called a rebellion or civil war. Some said it was caused by one thing and some by another, but my father always thought, and I too think, that it was caused mainly by slavery, which then existed all around in the southern states. The result of the war was that the slaves were all set free and given the right to vote, hold office, sit on juries and exercise all the privileges of citizens. Well, this very much exasperated the white people, who were mostly called Democrats in those days, and they resorted to all sorts of means to prevent them from exercising their new privileges. They at first organized themselves, or many of them did, into bands, and went in the night to cabins, burned them, whipped the occupants, sometimes shot them, and in some instances hung them, until finally in North Carolina and other states south of it, even where the former slaves, the negroes, had thirty or forty thousand majority, the whites took possession of the state governments over their heads. And so things went on until they got control of the whole south and the national government north and south, and deprived the negroes in one way or another of nearly all their privileges. They did not exactly do it by direct law but by a sort of round-about way. They passed laws that nobody could vote unless he could read and write, or unless they had lived one year in the state county, and also they made all sorts of little misdemeanors felonies, and then provided that persons convicted of felonies could never after that vote. And while very few of the whites seemed to be convicted, it soon came out that more than forty thousand negroes in North Carolina had been convicted and were consequently disfranchised.

Towards the year 1900 things began to change in the northern part of the country, and those people got control of the whole country again. When the new party took possession of the government from the President down, they began to pass all sorts of new laws. Among these new laws Congress passed an act setting apart to the negroes the whole of the Indian Territory, and parts of Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, and a part of the Territories of Sinaloa, Senora, Durango, Chihuahua and Tamaulipas, then recently acquired from Mexico, and also a very large territory in British Columbia, which with all Canada, and what was called the Dominion, had joined the United States. The law provided that they could have land free, and ten dollars in money for each member of their families, and some other aids for moving and settling.

And now began a most remarkable movement of the negroes. First, from the states of Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Northern Virginia, Ohio, Northern Kentucky and some other places, where the negroes had become comparatively wealthy and intelligent, they began to migrate. They built up settlements, in these new places, and large towns, until in 1920 a new state was admitted to the Union, nearly all the officers of which were colored. Some of their statesmen were very able and far sighted, and they increased very rapidly in wealth and power. In an incredibly short time all the old border states were completely depopulated of their negro population, and they began to disappear from North Carolina, slowly at first, then in large bodies, until finally they fairly swarmed along all the high-ways, in carts, on mules, and on foot, towards the new black empires. At first the whites were pleased at the idea of getting rid of the negroes, and some of their leading statesmen advocated and even voted for the measures of which I have spoken, in Congress. But soon colored labor began to be scarce and scarcer, until at last there was absolutely none except a few old men and women who could not get away. Then there spread a great terror, and even distress among the whites. There was almost no population in what had been the old slave states but whites. And they didn't get on very well performing all the labor, except a few in the high lands. A good many of the smartest of the whites began to leave, then more and more. They tried to get white emigrants from Italy and other parts of Europe, and even Mongolians and Chinese, but did not get many who staid long. At last there was a very large exodus of the whites to the west and other places until the state only contained about two hundred thousand people. Towns went to ruins, plantations grew up to forests, the people fell into a kind of a lethargic and nomadic life. The whole of this eastern country became a dreary waste, with a few scattered settlements, and infested with roving bands of pilferers and robbers, as perfect a picture of misery and discomfort and wretchedness as can be seen anywhere in North or South America.

I had graduated from Princeton College and from Dane Law School at Cambridge, and had made my way slowly home when these things were in progress. If it had not been for my father I should have joined in the general hegira. But I staid all through it and to this day am spending a wasted life. If it had not been that my father had preserved some considerable amount of funds in foreign securities which have payed well, I would have been badly off.

There have occurred many things to which I have not alluded in the period since I can remember. There have been a great many inventions, such as the discovery that people can talk with each other at a distance without a wire as well as with a telephone, as was formerly used; the application of electricity as a motive power, so that steam and water power have gone entirely out of use, and all the great manufactories and railroads and steamboats are propelled by means of a motive power derived from electricity; and the invention of air carriages which were made feasible by the elimination of a new gaseous fluid in which the specific gravity of a new gas was so much increased that four cubic feet would lift into the air a carriage carrying four persons, which being propelled by electrical forces could be guided through any current of air as well as on the surface of water. And there have been many other inventions which I do not mention.

Then there has been a good deal of change in the national laws and in the Constitution of the United States. The admission of the Dominion of Canada made this necessary, for they let those provinces in with all their laws and privileges as they were, and yet they have Senators and members of Congress just as the old states do, but they have their Parliament still for certain purposes, and their courts separate from the United States courts, similar as they do in Hungary inside of Austria, and in Transylvania inside of Hungary, as I have been told. There is no talk now about state rights because everybody excepting in these old deserted states, seem to be perfectly satisfied, inasmuch as they have all the rights they want. The population of the United States now is more than two hundred million, and the people for the most part very prosperous and rich and contented, and proud of their great nation. They elect a President now, you know, for eight years and then he can never be elected again. I suppose this part of the country will, long after I am dead, become populous and rich again. However it will probably be a new people that will come here, for the descendants of those who moved away and established themselves elsewhere, will not be likely to come back here, because they are well satisfied where they are. The old people who were here in my young days, would have been as likely to return to England or Scotland or Ireland or Germany, where their ancestors came from, as our descendants, who are scattered all over the country, would be to come back here. They are now all identified with the people where they live, go to Congress, fill the highest offices, and four whose fathers lived here, have already been Presidents, and such names as were prominent and eminent over the south are now among the famous and wealthy where they live. Right now a lineal descendant of General Lee and apother of Stonewall Jackson are Senators from the state of Catawba, and one of the Rhetts from the state of Washington is on the bench of the Supreme Court, and one of the Toombses, from the state of Sierra is in the Cabinet of President Hoar, the son of one of the old Massachusetts Hoars, and lots are millionaires in the great prosperous empires of the north and west. One of the Lamars is Governor of the new and great state of Hudson Bay, away up in Canada. A descendant of Frederick Douglass is Governor of Sinaloa, and one of the Langstons is Senator from Arizona, and one of the Elliotts from Chihuahua, and so there seems to be hardly any of the old differences between the north and south.

When I think how things used to be in my father's time, as compared with now, I can hardly believe my own eyes. Land is now worth next to nothing here. In fact most of it now belongs to the state, having escheated to it, the government of which is only about half kept up. I have heard it reported that the United States is going to seize all this waste land and put it in market. But the trouble is that very many of the ancient titles are in the hands of the descendants of those who once lived here, now scattered, and are still kept up.

I wish I had time to tell you more of things as they were, and will if my old fingers do not become too tremulous. This will be delivered to you by Mr. James Acklin, who has a stockade five or six miles above me, and who is going down the river.

I am, my dear Grandson,
Yours truly,
ALEXANDER FINCH.

Master EDWARD ELWELL,
Wilmington Landing.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN WERNER,

PERSONALLY IN ATTENDANCE AT

Hair Dressing Saloon,

No. 11 North Front Street, South of Purcell House,

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Oct. 5, 1879.

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We don't want your money until you are perfectly satisfied of their curative powers. If your life is worth saving, don't delay in getting these Powders at trial, as they will surely cure you.

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March 30—1 y.

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W. M. TERRY,
oct 12 Editor and Proprietor.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WOLFE'S

Schiedam Aromatic

SCHNAPPS.

THE following are a few of the testimonials in favor of the Schnapps:

MR. UDOLPHO WOLFE, 22 Beaver street, New York:

Dear Sir—I feel bound to say that I regard your Schnapps as being in every respect pre eminently pure, and deserving of medical patronage. At all events, it is the purest possible article of Holland Gin, heretofore unobtainable, and as such may be safely prescribed by physicians,

DAVID L. MOTT, M. D.,
Pharmaceutical Chemist, New York.

22 PINE STREET, NEW YORK, Nov.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, ESQ. Present:

Dear Sir—I have made a chemical examination of a sample of your Schiedam Schnapps, with the intent of determining any foreign or injurious substance had been added to the simple distilled spirits.

The examination has resulted in the conclusion that the sample contained no poisonous or harmful admixture. I have been unable to discover any trace of the deleterious substances which are employed in the adulteration of liquors. I would not hesitate to use myself, or recommend to others, for medicinal purposes, the Schiedam Schnapps as an excellent and unobjectionable variety of Gin.

Very respectfully, yours,
Signed CHAS. A. SHERLY, Chemist.

NEW YORK, CEDAR, STREET, November 20th, 1867.

UDOKPHO WOLFE, ESQ., Present:

Dear Sir—I submitted to chemical analysis two bottles of Schiedam Schnapps, which I took from a fresh package in you bonded warehouse, and find as before, that the spirituous liquor is free from injurious ingredients or falsification: that it has the marks of being aged and not recently prepared by mechanical admixture of alcohol and aromatics. Respectfully,

FRED. F. MAYER, Chemist.

CHEMICAL AND TECHNICAL LABORATORY,
13 Exchange Place, New York,
November 21, 1867.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq:

Dear Sir—The undersigned have carefully and thoroughly analyzed a sample of your "Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps," selected by ourselves, and have found the same free from all organic or inorganic substances, more or less injurious to health. From the result of our examination we consider the article one of superior quality, healthful as a beverage, effectual in its medicinal qualities. Respectfully, yours,

ALEX. TRIPLER, Chemist.
FRANCIS H. ENGELHARD, M. D.

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18 Beaver street, New York.
may 4—ly.

RAIL ROADS.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R Company.



OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
Wilmington, N. C., June 13, 1879.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after Sunday June 15th 1879, Passenger Trains on the W. & W. Railroad will run as follows:

DAY MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN Daily.

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot, at ..... 7:10 A. M
Arrive at Weldon at ..... 1:10 P. M,
Leave Weldon at ..... 3:33 P. M
Arrive at Wilmington, Front St. Depot at ..... 9:53 P. M

NIGHT MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN, Daily

Leave Wilmington, Front Street Depot at ..... 8:40 P. M
Arrive at Weldon at ..... 3.50 A M
Leave Weldon daily, at ..... 2 13 A M
Arrive at Wilmington Front St Depot at ..... 8 45 A M

Trains on Tarboro Branch Road leave Rocky Mount for Tarboro at 5,00 P. M. Daily and Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4,00 A. M. Returning, leave Tarboro at 10,00 A. M. daily, and Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8,30 P. M.

The Day Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points North *via* Bay Line, daily except Sunday, and daily *via* Richmond and all-rail route.

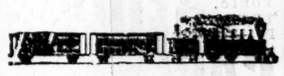
Night Train makes close connection at Weldon for all points north via Richmond.

Sleeping Cars attached to all Night Trains.

JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't
je 15—tf

GEN. SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R. Company.



WILMINGTON, N. C., June 13, 1879.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Sunday, June 15th, the following schedule will be run on this road:

DAY EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAIN—(Daily.)

Leave Wilmington ..... 9.05 A. M
Arrive Florence ..... 1.25 P. M
Leave Florence ..... 3.50 P M
Arrive at Wilmington ..... 8.20 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN, (daily)

Leave Wilmington ..... 10.13 P M
Leave Florence ..... 2.50 A M
Arrive at Columbia ..... 9.00 A. M
Leave Columbia ..... 6.00 A M
Leave Florence at ..... 2.55 A. M
Arrive at Wilmington ..... 6.50 A M

This Train stops only at Flemington Whiteville, Fair Bluff, Marion.

Passengers for Augusta (via Columbia), should take Night Express Train from Wilmington.

Through Sleeping Cars on night trains for Charleston and Augusta;

JOHN F. DIVINE, Gen. Sup't.
je 13—tf.

Carolina Central Railway Company.

OFFICE GEN'L SUPERINTENDENT,
WILMINGTON, N. C., March 16, 1879.



CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON and after Monday, 16th instant, the following Schedule will be operated on this Railway:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN

No. 1. Leave Wilmington at ..... 6.30 A. M
Arrive at Hamlet at ..... 2.00 P. M
" Charlotte at ..... 8.10 A. M

No. 2. Leave Charlotte at ..... 8.30 A. M
Arrive at Hamlet at ..... 2.00 P. M
" Wilmington at ..... 10.00 P. M

SHELBY DIVISION MAIL, FREIGHT & PASSENGER AND EXPRESS

No. 9. Leave Charlotte ..... 7.00 A. M.
Arrive at Shelby ..... 11.15 A. M.

No. 10. Leave Shelby ..... 12.45 P. M
Arrive at Charlotte ..... 5.00 P. M

The above Trains have Passenger accommodations, and are the only ones permitted to carry Passengers.

V. Q. JOHNSON,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.

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MENDELSSOHN PIANO CO.,
21 East 15th Street, N. Y.
apr. 13—6m.

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THE

"SEMINAL PASTILLE"



A Valuable Discovery in New Departure in Medical Science, an entirely new and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Seminal Emissions & Impotency by the only common sense way, viz: Direct Local application to the prostate gland, Absorption, and exercising its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostrate Gland and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, it is quickly dissolved and absorbed, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous organization, shocked from self-abuse and excesses, stopping the drain upon the system, restoring the mind to health and sound memory, removing the Dimness of Sight, Nervous Debility, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, &c. &c. and the appearance of premature old age generally accompanying this trouble, and restoring perfect Sexual Vigor, where it has been dormant for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. Drugs are too much prescribed in these troubles, and, as many can bear witness to, with but little if any permanent good. There is no humbug about this Preparation, Practical observation enables us to positively guarantee that it will give satisfaction. During the night years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value, and it is now commended by the Medical Profession as the most rational means yet discovered of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble, that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to so many, and upon whom quacks prey with their useless nostrums and Big Bills. The Remedy is put up in a neat box, strongly but plainly sealed, and sent in a plain wrapper by mail sealed for $2.00. Two boxes, (sufficient to effect a permanent cure in ordinary cases) $3.——Three boxes, lasting three full months, will stop emissions, and restore vigor, in the worst cases, $5.—Full DIRECTIONS for using will accompany EACH BOX.

Send for a Descriptive Pamphlet giving Anatomical Illustrations, which will convince the most sceptical that they can be restored to perfect manhood, and fitted for the duties of life, same as if never affected. Sent Sealed for stamp to any one. Sold ONLY by the

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Dec 8—t

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"Medical Advice," a lecture on Manhood and Womanhood, 10 cents; or all three in one nicely bound volume, $1. They contain 600 pages and over 100 Illustrations, embracing everything on the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work. The combined volume is positively the best Popular Medical Book published, and those dissatisfied after getting it can have their money refunded. The Author is an experienced Physician of many years practice, (as is well known,) and the advice given, and Rules for treatment laid down, will be found of great value to those suffering from impurities of the system, early errors, lost Vigor, or any of the numerous troubles coming under the head of "Private" or "Chronic" diseases. Sent in single volumes, or complete in one, for Price in Stamps, Silver or Currency. Consultation confidential, and letters are promptly and frankly answered without charge. Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, 12 N. 8th St., St. Louis, Mo. (Established 1847.)

DR. BUTTS invites all persons suffering from RUPTURE to send him their names and address, and hereby assures them that they will learn something to their advantage.—Not a Truss.

December 8—tf

DR. A. G. OLIN!

Private Hospital, 208 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill. C. P. Specialty, all Private, Chronic and Female Diseases. Consultation free. Ladies and Gentlemen, send one dollar for samples of best rubber goods, and valuable information for express. Bella-donna Female Pills, $1 per box. Private terms and views to Ladies during confinement.

dec —tf

MARRIAGE GUIDE

A new work, price 50 cents by mail. Mysteries of Nature, Physiology of Marriage, Organs of Generation, Diseases of Youth and Manhood; a wealth of choice and valuable information, of interest to both sexes. Sending offensive to good taste and refinement. Information never published. No family should be without it. Address, Dr. A. G. OLIN, 208 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

dec 1—tf

OPIUM and **MORPHINE** habit absolutely and speedily cured. Painless. No publicity. Send stamp for full particulars. Dr. Carlton, 208 S. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE CHEAP, HOUSES AND LOTS. OR BUILDING LOTS IN DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.

Apply to W. P. CANADAY.

GOLD Great chance to make money get greenbacks. If you can't get gold, you can get greenbacks. We need a person in every town to take subscriptions for the largest, cheapest and illustrated family publication in the world. Any one can become a successful agent. The most elegant works of art given free to subscribers. The price is so low that almost everybody subscribes. One agent reports making over $150 in a week. A lady agent reports taking over 60 subscribers in ten days. All who engage make money fast. You can devote all your time to the business, or only your spare time. You need not be away from home over night. You can do it as well as others. Full particulars, directions and terms free. Elegant and expensive Outfit free. If you want profitable work send us your address at once. It costs nothing to try the business. No one who engages fails to make great pay. Address "The People's Journal," Portland, Maine. aug 17—12m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LIFE IN A BOTTLE.

The Most Valuable Medical Discovery Known to the World—No More Use For Quinine, Calomel or Mineral Poisons—Life for the Blood, Strength For the Nerves, and Health for All.

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE PUBLIC.

Believing that by cleansing the blood and building up the constitution was the only true way of banishing disease and being troubled with weakness of the lungs, catarrh, very much broken down in constitution, &c., and after trying the best physicians and paying out my money for many kinds of medicines advertised without finding a permanent cure, I began doctoring myself, using medicines made from roots and herbs. I fortunately discovered a wonderful Bitters or Blood Cleanser, the first bottle of which gave me new life and vigor, and in time effected a permanent cure. I was free from catarrh, my lungs became strong and sound, being able to stand the most severe cold and exposure, and I have gained over thirty pounds in weight. Feeling confident that I had made a wonderful discovery in medicine, I prepared a quantity of the Root Bitters, and was in the habit of giving them away to sick friends and neighbors. I found the medicine effected the most wonderful cures of all diseases caused from humors or scrofula in the blood, Imprudence, Bad Stomach, Weakness, Kidney Disease, Torpid Liver, &c., &c. The news of my discovery in this way spread from one person to another until I found myself called upon to supply patients with medicine far and wide and I was induced to establish a laboratory for compounding and bottling the Root Bitters in large quantities, and I now devote all my time to this business.

I was at first backward in presenting either myself or discovery in this way to the public, not being a patent medicine man and with small capital, but I am getting bravely over that. Since I first advertised this medicine I have been crowded with orders from druggists and country dealers, and the hundreds of letters I have received from persons cured, prove the fact that no remedy ever did so much good in so short a time and had so much success as the Root Bitters. In fact, I am convinced that they will soon take the lead of all other medicines in use. Nearly one hundred retail druggists, right here at home in Cleveland, now sell Root Bitters, some of whom have already sold over one thousand bottles.

Root Bitters are strictly a medicinal preparation, such as was used in the good old days of our forefathers, when people were cured by some simple root or plant, and when calomel and other poisons of the mineral kingdom were unknown.

They act strongly on the liver and kidneys, keep the bowels regular and build up the nervous saystem. They penetrate every part of the body, searching out every nerve, bone and tissue from the head to the feet cleansing and strengthening the foutain springs of life, hence they must reach all diseases by purification and nourishment.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, or what the disease or ailments is, use Root Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use the Bitters at once. It may save your life.

Thousands of persons in all parts of the country are already using ROOT BITTERS. They have saved many lives of consumptives who had been given up by friends and physicians to die, and have permanently cured many old chronic cases of Catarrh, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and skin Diseases, where all other treatments had failed. Are you troubled with sick headache, costiveness, dizziness, weakness, bad taste in the mouth, nervousness, and broken down in constitution? You will be cured if you take ROOT BITTERS. Have you humors and pimples on your face or skin? Nothing will give you such good health, strength, and beauty as ROOT BITTERS.

☞ I know that jealous physicians will cry humbug because my discovery cures so many of their patients, but I care not. It is now my desire and determination to place my ROOT BITTERS as fast as possible within the reach of all those suffering throughout the world. Sold by wholesale and retail druggists and country merchants, or sent by express on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles $5.00. For certificates of wonderful cures, see my large circular around each bottle of medicine. Read and judge for yourself.

☞ ASK your druggist or merchant for FRAZIER'S ROOT BITTERS, the great Blood Cleanser, and take no substitute he may recommend because he makes a larger profit.

G. W. FRAZIER, Discoverer
288 Superior St., Cleveland, O.
For sale by T. S. Burbank, Wilmington, N. C.

OLD, TRIED, AND TRUE.

People are getting acquainted—and those who are not ought to be—with the wonderful merits of that great American Remedy, the

MEXICAN Mustang Liniment,

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

This liniment very naturally originated in America, where Nature provides in her laboratory such surprising antidotes for the maladies of her children. Its fame has been spreading for 25 years, until now it encircles the habitable globe.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is a matchless remedy for all external ailments of man and beast.

To stock owners and farmers it is invaluable.

A single bottle often saves a human life or restores the usefulness of an excellent horse, ox, cow, or sheep.

It cures foot-rot, hoof-ail, hollow horn, grub, screw-worm, shoulder-rot, mange, the bites and stings of poisonous reptiles and insects, and every such drawback to stock breeding and bush life.

It cures every external trouble of horses, such as lameness, scratches, swinny, sprains, founder, wind-gall, ring bone, etc., etc.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is the quickest cure in the world for accidents occurring in the family, in the absence of a physician, such as burns, scalds, sprains, cuts, etc., and for rheumatism, and stiffness engendered by exposure. Particularly valuable to Ethers.

It is the cheapest remedy in the world, for it penetrates the muscle to the bone, and a single application is generally sufficient to cure.

Mexican Mustang Liniment is put up in three sizes of bottles, the larger ones being proportionately much the cheapest. Sold everywhere.

February 1 ly



BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. apr 19—ly

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure for Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh Asthma, and all throat and lung, affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all who desire it this recipe, in German, French, or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. Sherar, 149 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y. sept. 28—13t.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

Celebrated American

WORM SPECIFIC

OR

VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and lead-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an azure semicircle runs along the lower eye-lid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a gnawing sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy, not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,

DR. C. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE

will certainly effect a cure.

IT DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

in any form; it is an innocent preparation, *not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

The genuine DR. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrapper.

—:o:—

DR. C. McLANE'S

LIVER PILLS

are not recommended as a remedy "for all the ills that flesh is heir to," but in affections of the liver, and in all Bilious Complaints, Dyspepsia and Sick Headache, or diseases of that character, they stand without a rival.

AGUE AND FEVER.

No better cathartic can be used preparatory to, or after taking Quinine.

As a simple purgative they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Each box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

Each wrapper bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS.

Insist upon having the genuine Dr. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane*, spelled differently but same pronunciation.

dec 8—1y

$66 A WEEK in your town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without expense. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make great pay for every hour that you work. Women make as much as men.—Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. $5 Outfit free.—Don't complain of hard times while you have such a chance. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine aug 10—1y

THIS is to give notice that on the 17th day of June, 1878, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Cape Fear District of North Carolina against the estate of Josiah H. Bryan, of Newton Grove, in the county of Sampson, in said District, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, that the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be holden on the 18th day of Nov., A. D. 1879, at 10 o'clock a. m., at Fayetteville, N. C., before Wm. A. Guthrie, Esq., Register in bankruptcy of said District. J. B. HILL, feb 1 Marshal for said District.

SUPERIOR COURT, NEW HANOVER COUNTY.	STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
Samuel L. Smith and wife, Mary V. Smith, vs.	Plaintiffs.
Frederick Rheu and Henry J. Stedman and wife Anna J. Stedman.	Defendants.

THIS IS A SPECIAL PROCEEDING instituted before the Clerk of the Superior Court for the purpose of setting aside a judgment and decree in a former proceeding in partition, and to have the plaintiffs declared tenants in common with defendants Rheu, in a certain lot described in the petition in this cause, and for an account of the rents, issues and profits of the said premises.

The defendants, Henry J. Stedman and wife, Anna J. Stedman are hereby notified to appear before the Clerk of the said Court at the Court House in the city of Wilmington, on Wednesday, Nov. [illegible], 1879, then and there to answer or demur to the petition herein or judgment will be given against them according to the prayer of the said petition.

oct 12 1m19 [illegible] VANAMRINGE, C.S.C.

BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. apl 25—1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

15 15

NEW YORK HOUSE.

M. HANSTEIN,

No. 15 Market St.,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Clothing,

Hats,

Caps,

Boots and

Shoes,

Trunks,

Carpet Bags,

Valises, &c.

The Largest and Best Selected Stock Ever Brought to This

MARKET.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

BRANCH HOUSE at Clinton, N. C.

october 19—tf

SURE CURE FOR PILES.

A sure cure for the blind, bleeding, itching and ulcerated piles has been discovered by Dr. William (an Indian remedy), called Dr. William's Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst old chronic cases of twenty-five and thirty years' standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and electuaries do more harm than good. William's Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless, relief and is prepared only for Piles, itching of the private parts and nothing else.

"I consulted physicians in Philadelphia, Louisville, Cincinnati Indianapolis and this city, and spent hundreds of dollars, and found no relief until I obtained a box of Dr. William's Indian Ointment some four months ago, and it has cured me completely."

JOSEPH M. RYDER, Cleaveland, O.

"Has done me more good than all the medicine I ever tried, and I have spent more than $100 with doctors, besides medicines I am sure cost me more than $40."

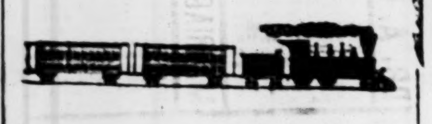
DAVID SPARLING, Ingraham, Ill.

"Have suffered twenty years with itching and ulcerated piles, having used every remedy that came to my notice without benefit, until I used Indian Ointment and received immediate relief.

JAMES CARROLL, (an old miner), Tecoma, Nevada.

No Pile Remedy ever gained such rapid favor and extensive sale. Sold by all wholesale and retail druggists. For sale by T. S. BURBANK. March 21—1y.

1879 Excursion Season. 1879



WILMINGTON & WELDON RAILROAD,
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT,
WILMINGTON, N. C., June 8 h, 1879.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS TO THE VARIous Virginia Springs, Western North Carolina Summer Resorts, Morehead City, N. C. and Old Point Comfort, Va., good until November 1st, 1879, are now obtainable at Union Ticket Office, Wilmington, Goldsboro, Wilson and Tarboro, and will remain on sale until October 1st, 1879.

Close connection for points on A. M. & O. R. R. by 9.20 P. M. train from Wilmington

Close connections for points on C. & O. R R. by both trains from Wilmington.

Close connections for points on Western North Carolina R. R., by train leaving

Wilmington	6.38 A. M.
Weldon	2.13 A. M.
Wilson	4.21 A. M.
Tarboro	8.30 P. M.

Leaving Goldsboro at 10.10 A. M. daily arriving at Salisbury 10.36 P. M., there connecting with Sleeping Cars on W. N. C. R. R., and reaching Swannanoa at 6.30 A. M., and Asheville 10.30 A. M., being beyond question the line of quicker transit and superior comfort to all others running to Western North Carolina.

For tickets, time cards, engagement of sleeping car accommodations, inquire of Agents at Stations named or to the undersigned. A. POPE, je 8—6t Gen. Pass. Agent.

D. M. DART.

PRACTICAL PLUMBER STEAM AND GAS FITTER.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CAN STILL BE FOUND AT HIS OLD stand, Journal Building, Princess street where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, cheaper than ever before offered to the public. Has constantly on hand

Bath Tubs,

Water Closets,

Wash Stands,

Pumps of all descriptions,

Drain Pipes,

Gas Pipes,

Gas Fixtures, &c., &c.

Personal attention given to all work. Satisfaction guaranteed. december 21 tf



DYKES' BEARD ELIXIR [illegible]

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted—Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO. Augusta, Me. march 1y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HAVING THE

LARGEST STOCK

IN THE CITY.

WITH ABUNDANT FACILITIES

INCREASING THE SAME,

WE are, from our long experience in business, prepared to offer,

GREATER

INDUCEMENTS

TO PURCHASERS OF

GROCERIES

And articles in our line than can be offered by any other establishment, and we

Guarantee Satisfaction

To all who will give us a call.

A FAIR TRIAL IS ALL WE ASK.

ADRIAN & VOLLERS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Southeast cor. Front and Dock Sts. august 24 tf

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co Augusta, Maine. apl 9-11

SEND TO F. G. RICH & CO., Portland, Maine, for best Agency Business in the World. Expensive outfit free. may 18—1y.

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic.

TRY IT

SANFORD'S

To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its unhealthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Seasickness, and other Disorders.

LIVER

The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic Influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System.

INVIGORATOR

The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUTATION

may 18—1y.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

October 19.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened strong at 28½ cents per gallon bid for country packages, with sales reported of 500 casks at 29 cents, closing firm at that price.

ROSIN.—The market was quiet at $1 20 for Strained and Good Strained. No Sales reported.

TAR.—Market was steady at $1 00 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with no receipts or sales reported.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady the receipts of the day being placed at $1 10 for Hard and $1 90 for Yellow Dip.

COTTON.—The market for this article was firm with sales of 150 bales at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	—	cts	℔ lb
Good Ordinary,	—	"	"
S. Good Ordinary,	—	"	"
Low Middling	9 7-16	"	"
Middling	9¾	"	"
Good Middling	—	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	924	bales
Spirits turpentine	370	casks
Rosin	1,524	bbls
Tar,	24	bbls
Crude turpentine	108	bbls

October 22.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market was steady at 29 cts per gallon, for country packages, with sales reported of 350 casks at that price.

ROSIN.—The market was dull and nominal at $1 20 for Strained and Good Strained, without reported transactions in either grade. Sales of 234 bbls fine rosins as follows: $1 25 for Extra No 2, $1 50 for Low No 1, $1 62½ for Good Low No 1, $2 00 for Good No. 1, $3 00 for K Low Pale, $3 25 for Good Low Pale and $3 50 per bbl for M Pale.

TAR.—Market for this article was steady at $1 00 per bbl, of 280 lbs, with no sales reported.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was firm, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 10 for Hard and $1 90 for Yellow Dip.

COTTON.—The market for this article opened firm, with sales 300 bales. The following are the official quotations:

Ordinary,	—	cents	℔ lb
Good Ordinary,	9¼	"	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	9¾	"	"
Low Middling,	9¾	"	"
Middling,	9 15-16	"	"
Good Middling.	10¼	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	362	bales
Spirits Turpentine	183	casks
Rosin,	1084	bbls
Tar,	21	bbls
Crude Turpentine	125	bbls

October 23.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market for this article opened strong at 29 cts per gallon for country packages, from which it advanced to 29½ cents, with sales reported of 50 casks at 29½, and 300 do at 30 cents, closing steady.

ROSIN.—The market opened steady at $1 15 for Strained and Good Strained with sales reported of 3000 bbls strained and Good Strained at $1 15. Also sales of 261 bbls fine rosins at $1 25 for Extra No 2, $3 25 for Low Pale, and $3 50 for Pale.

TAR.—The market opened steady at $1 00 per bbl. of 280 lbs, with no sales.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm the receipts of the day being placed at $1 10 for Hard and $1 90 for Yellow Dip.

COTTON—The market for this article opened firm with sales of 196 bales at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	—	cts	℔ lb
Good Ordinary,	9 5-16	"	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	9 9-16	"	"
Low Middling,	9 11-16	"	"
Middling,	10	"	"
Good Middling,	10¼	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	942	bales
Spirits Turpentine,	471	casks
Rosin,	2,039	bbls
Tar,	37	bbls
Crude Turpentine,	526	bbls

October 24.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened steady at 30 cents per gallon for country packages, at which price 60 casks changed hands, closing firm.

ROSIN.—The market was steady at $1 15 for Strained and Good Strained, with sales of 700 bbls Strained and Good Strained at $1 15 and 500 bbls Good Strained at $1 15. The market may be quoted steady at the close at $1 12½ for Strained and $1 15 for Good Strained. Fine Rosins are in good demand.

TAR.—Market was steady, at $1 00 per bbl, of 280 lbs., with no receipts or sales.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Sales reported at $1 10 for Hard and $1 90 for Yellow Dip, marken firm.

COTTON.—The market for this article closed weak and irregular at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	9	cts	℔ lb
Good Ordinary,	9 11-16	"	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	—	"	"
Low Middling,	9 15-16	"	"
Middling,	10¼	"	"
Good Middling.	10 9-16	"	"

October 25.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—The market was quoted firm at 30½ cents, but later sales were effected of 230 casks at 31 cents per gallon for country packages.

ROSIN—The market steady at $1 15 for Strained and Good Strained, with sales reported of 2,000 bbls at that price. Fine rosins in good demand.

TAR—Market quiet at $1 00 per bbl of 289 lbs, at which price the receipts of the day were sold.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market was firm, the receipts of the day being placed at $1 10 for Hard, $1 90 for Yellow Dip.

COTTON—Market irregular with sales at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	9½	cts	℔ lb
Good Ordinary,	9 9-16	"	"
Strict G. Ordinary	9 13-16	"	"
Low Middling,	9 15-16	"	"
Middling	10¼	"	"
Good Middling,	10 9-19	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	1,344	bales
Spirits turpentine,	485	casks.
Rosin,	3,655	bbls.
Tar,	214	"
Crude turpentine,	1,999	"

October 27

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market opened firm at 31 cents per gallon for regular packages, at which price 200 casks changed hands.

ROSIN—The market opened firm at $1 15 for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained with sales reported of 3,500 bbls at quotations, closing steady. Fine rosins in good demand.

TAR.—Market was steady at $1 00 per bbl., of 280 lbs, with sales of the receipts at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—The market was irregular, with an advancing tendency, sales being reported at $1 10@1 20 for Hard and $1 90@2 00 for Yellow Dip.

COTTON.—The market was steady with sales of 45 bales at the following official quotations:

Ordinary,	9¼	cts	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	9¾	"	"
Strict Good Ordinary,	—	"	"
Low Middling,	10 1-16	"	"
Middling,	10¼	"	"
Good Middling,	10½	"	"

RECEIPTS.

Cotton,	525	bales
Spirits Turpentine	135	casks
Rosin,	278	bbls
Tar,	—	bbls
Crude Turpentine.	330	bbls

$1500 TO $6000 A YEAR or $5 to $20 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50 cts to $2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself.—Address GEORGE STINSON & CO. august 19-1y Portland, Me

CIVIL AND MECHANICAL

ENGINEERING

AT the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute Troy, N. Y. Next term begins Sept. 12, The Annual Register for 1879 contains a list of the graduates for the past 52 years, with their positions, also course of study, requirements for admission, expenses, &c. Address, WM. H. YOUNG, Treasurer. jy 20 3m

PROSPECTUS.

The Post

IS

STRICTLY A REPUBLICAN PAPER.

Devoted to the Interests of Wilmington and and the State of North Carolina, as well as

The Great Principles of the National Republican Party,

In accordance with the

CINCINNATI PLATFORM,

Independent as to Men, But Not as to Party,

It will be devoted to exposing corruption wherever found, in any and all parties.

It will stand up for the good name of North Carolina

We shall join hands with the press of North Carolina to encourage immigration believing that is the only true way to build up our good old State.

NEWS DEPARTMENT.

We shall give the latest

Local, National and Foreign News.

We will thank our friends to send us all the news they have for publication.

Great pains will be taken to give

A Correct Statement of the Market in Naval Stores, Cotton and Produce, of Every Description;

Also, a correct

Commercial and Marine Report

Communications on manufacturing will be published. We will publish communications when accompanied by responsible name, not otherwise.

All Communications to be addressed to the Post, WILMINGTON, N.C.

Subscription Price, $1 Per Annum

We have reduced the subscription price so that every poor man can afford to subscribe for it. The paper will positively not be sent to any one who does not pay for it, so when your paper stops you may know your subscription is out. No paper can be run unless the subscribers and other patrons pay their dues promptly. It is important to have newspapers in the land, therefore every person who is in favor of civilization should do all he can to encourage the publication of as many newspapers as possible.

(Postage prepaid by us)

NEW ADVETISEMENTS.

The Great Carriage Manufacturing House of the World.

—:o:—

EMERSON, FISHER & CO.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

TOP BUGGIES AND PHÆTONS,

Best material, good workmanship, handsome styles, strong and durable vehicles in every respect.

70,000 Carriages

Manufactured by EMERSON, FISHER & CO, are now in use in every part of the American Continent.

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